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Snow depth measurements

Motivation

The thickness of the snow cover (snow depth) is an important determinant of how well the ground is insulated from ambient air temperatures and snow season length (phenology). The snow depth measurements are connected to monitoring of snow beds (plant communities and lemming winter habitat occupancy/grazing impact) and hummock tundra (lemming summer habitat occupancy), and are a part of COAT Varanger's small rodent module.

State variables:

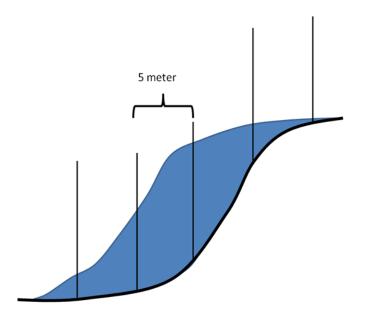
- CT2 snow depth

Spatial study design

The snow depth measurements are conducted within COAT Varanger's intensive monitoring locations; Komagdalen and Vestre Jakobselv. At both locations, snow depth is measured according to two designs:

1. Altitudinal snow bed transects: One of the two transects per locations where plant communities and lemming winter activity (pellets counts) are monitored each summer is included. See description for "mountain slope" sections in the study design protocol for COAT. The selected sections/transects are "Bearaveaijohka» at Vestre Jakobselv and «Kjøltindan» at Komagdalen.

At each snow bed site within the transect snow depths are measured next to a recco (i.e. middle point of the snowbed) and then, 5m and 10m distance uphill and downhill from the middle point (see figure).



2. Camera trap monitoring design of lemmings: Snow depth measurements are made at a subset of sites where the camera traps are placed both in lemming summer habitat (hummock tundra) and in

winter habitat (snow beds). See description for "lemming block" sections in the study design protocol for COAT. Measurements are taken at 5 points, as for the altitudinal snow bed transects. The midpoint should be at the recco-brick that is placed 15m away from the camera trap to avoid disturbance of the snow pack close to the trap.

A list of sites where snow depth measurements are done is given in the Appendix. GPS files that include all relevant sites are stored at COAT Box/Fieldwork/Varanger GPS files for fieldwork and are called "snowbeds lemming transect 2019.gpx" and "small_mammal_cameras_2021.gpx".

Temporal study design

The snow depth measurements are done once per year, during late march.

Procedure

Snow depth per measurement point: Use snow probe that is maximum 4 meters long, so max depth you can measure is 3.7m. Enter the probe straight down (see figure). Compass directions for uphill and downhill from recco are given in Appendix.

Equipment needed

- Snow depth probe
- Notebook, pencil, GPS
- Compass
- Recco detector

Information recorded in the field

For each snowbed, record site ID, date, observers. For each sampling point, record position (**0**=middle point, **+5**=5 m uphill, **+10**=10 m uphill , **-5**=5 m downhill, **-10**=10 m downhill) and snow depth. Note a comment if you are uncertain or do not reach the bottom.

Data processing

All field observers are in charge of typing their data into digital format (unless otherwise agreed with the data set responsible, Nigel Yoccoz).

Template datasheet is called "template_snowdepth_COAT.xlsx" and stored in the COAT Box folder Protocol/Data typing templates. The template file is accompanied with instructions (an additional sheet of the template excel file). This included additional information on how to record specific types of observations in the template. <u>Follow the datasheet exactly</u>: use exactly the same column names, large/small letters, for factorial values do not add new categories etc.

After completing a data file in excel (one datafile per year and locality), it should be saved as txt-file. Thereafter (unless otherwise agreed), data files are sent to dataset responsible who will quality-check them and store them in COAT data portal.

Training requirements and specialized skills

No special skills are needed.

Appendix

Sites for annual snow depth measurements at Vestre Jakobselv. Sites for additional snow pits in the lemming camera trapping design are also indicated.

		Compass direction "uphill" from recco.	
		NA meaning no recco is present at the	
section	site	site.	
Bearalveaijohka	vj_be_sn_1	220	
	vj_be_sn_2	230	
	vj_be_sn_3	250	
	vj_be_sn_4	220	
	vj_be_sn_5	240	
	vj_be_sn_6	220	
	vj_be_sn_7 – 2 recco here ?!	190	
	vj_be_sn_8	200	
	vj_be_sn_11	270	
	vj_be_sn_12	10	
	vj_be_sn_13	210	
	vj_be_sn_14	240	
	vj_be_sn_15	240	
	vj_be_sn_17	0	
		Recco present, but no information on	
	vj_be_sn_19	direction	
	vj_be_sn_20	320	
	vj_be_sn_21	290	
	vj_be_sn_22	160	
	vj_be_sn_24	220	
	vj_be_sn_25	270	
Reinhaugen	vj_re_sn_1	200	
	vj_re_sn_2	140	
	vj_re_sn_3	108	
	vj_re_sn_4	140	
	vj_re_sn_5	76	
	vj_re_sn_6	34	
	vj_re_hu_1 – snow pit site	50	
	vj_re_hu_2	250	
	vj_re_hu_3	120	
	vj_re_hu_4 – snow pit site	0	
	vj_re_hu_5	110	
	vj_re_hu_6	0	
Gåsevannan	vj_ga_sn_1	10	
	vj_ga_sn_2	190	
	vj_ga_sn_3	0	
	vj_ga_sn_4	140	

	vj_ga_sn_5	180
	vj_ga_sn_6	20
	vj_ga_hu_1 – snow pit site	180
	vj_ga_hu_2	310
	vj_ga_hu_3	140
	vj_ga_hu_4	180
	vj_ga_hu_5 - snow pit site	320
	vj_ga_hu_6	30
Skoarrajohka	None of the sites have recco.	
	vj_sk_hu_1 and vj_sk_hu_6 are snow	
	pit sites.	NA
Tranemyra	vj_tr_sn_1	290
	vj_tr_sn_2 – snow pit site	190
	vj_tr_sn_3	300
	vj_tr_sn_4	290
	vj_tr_sn_5	260
	vj_tr_sn_6	290
	vj_tr_hu_1	320
	vj_tr_hu_2	320
	vj_tr_hu_3 – snow pit site	180
	vj_tr_hu_4	290
	vj_tr_hu_5	40
	vj_tr_hu_6 – snow pit site	180

Sites for annual snow depth measurements in Komagdalen. Sites for additional snow pits in the lemming camera trapping design are also indicated.

section	site_id	Compass direction "uphill" from recco (NA
		meaning no recco are present)
Kjøltindan	ko_kj_sn_1	240
	ko_kj_sn_2	190
	ko_kj_sn_3	210
	ko_kj_sn_4	230
	ko_kj_sn_5	220
	ko_kj_sn_6	NA
	ko_kj_sn_7	NA
	ko_kj_sn_8	NA
	ko_kj_sn_9	170
	ko_kj_sn_10	NA
	ko_kj_sn_11	NA
	ko_kj_sn_12	30
	ko_kj_sn_13	NA
	ko_kj_sn_14	NA
	ko_kj_sn_15	NA
-	ko_kj_sn_16	NA

	ko_kj_sn_17	NA
	ko_kj_sn_18	NA
	ko_kj_sn_19	180
	ko_kj_sn_20	NA
	ko_kj_sn_21	160
	ko_kj_sn_22 – snow pit site	170
	ko_kj_sn_23	150
	ko_kj_sn_24	160
	ko_kj_sn_25	160
	ko_kj_hu_1b	180
	ko_kj_hu_2b	160
	ko_kj_hu_3b	150
	ko_kj_hu_4b – snow pit site	180
	ko_kj_hu_5	30
	Ko_kj_hu_6	NA
Hubejohka	ko_hu_hu_6	0
	ko_hu_sn_1	0
	ko_hu_hu_2b – snow pit site	0
	ko_hu_sn_2	198
	ko_hu_hu_3b	0
	ko_hu_sn_3	200
	ko_hu_sn_4	210
	ko_hu_hu_4	230
	ko_hu_sn_5	240
	ko_hu_hu_5 – snow pit site	0
	ko_hu_hu_1	190
	ko_hu_sn_6	NA
Ryggfjellet	ko_ry_sn_1 – snow pit site	170
	ko_ry_sn_2	220
	ko_ry_sn_3	170
	ko_ry_sn_4	200
	ko_ry_sn_5	140
	ko_ry_sn_6b	180
	ko_ry_hu_1b – snow pit site	180
	ko_ry_hu_2	210
	ko_ry_hu_3	280
	ko_ry_hu_4	250
	ko_ry_hu_5	180
	ko_ry_hu_6	330
Gargas	None of the sites have recco.	NA
	ko_ga_hu_2 and ko_ga_sn_6 (since	
	2023) are snow pit sites. (Until 2022	
	snow pit done at ko_ga_sn_2b).	